United States Department of the Interior National Park Service
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

1. Name of Property
Stewart's Tavern

historic name: Stewart's Tavern
other name site number: John Stewart's Tavern Inn

2. Location
street & number: Short Gap Road
not for publication: N/A
city/town: Short Gap
vicinity: X
state: WV
county: Mineral
code: 057
zip code: 26710

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this _x_ nomination _x_ request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property _x_ meets _x_ does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered _x_ significant _x_ nationally _x_ statewide _x_ locally.

[Signature]
Susan M. Pierce 5/31/00

State or Federal agency and bureau  Date

In my opinion, the property _x_ meets _x_ does not meet the National Register criteria. (_x_ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

[Signature]
Signature of Certifying Official/Title  Date

State or Federal agency and bureau  Date
Stewart's Tavern

Name of Property

Mineral County, WV

County and State

4. National Park Service Certification

I, hereby certify that this property is:

☐ entered in the National Register
☐ See continuation sheet.
☐ determined eligible for the National Register
☐ See continuation sheet.
☐ determined not eligible for the National Register
☐ removed from the National Register
☐ other (explain):

Signature of Keeper

Date of Action

5. Classification

Ownership of Property:

(Check as many boxes as apply)

☐ private
☐ public-local
☐ public-State
☐ public-Federal

Category of Property

(Check only one box)

☐ building(s)
☐ district
☐ site
☐ structure
☐ object

Number of Resources within Property

(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Contributing</th>
<th>Noncontributing</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>buildings</td>
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<tr>
<td>sites</td>
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<td>structures</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>objects</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>1, 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Name of related multiple property listing

_N/A__

(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register

_0_
Stewart's Tavern
Name of Property
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6. Function or Use

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Historic Functions</th>
<th>Current Functions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DOMESTIC: hotel, single dwelling</td>
<td>RECREATION AND CULTURE: museum</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. Description

Architectural Classification:  VERNACULAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Materials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Foundation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roof</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Narrative Description
(See continuation on sheets.)

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria
(Mark "X" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- _x_ A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- _____ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- _x_ C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- _____ D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.
Stewart's Tavern
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Criteria Considerations
(Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:
_____ A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
__x__ B removed from its original location.
_____ C a birthplace or grave.
_____ D a cemetery.
_____ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
_____ F a commemorative property.
_____ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Areas of Significance
Architecture
Exploration and Settlement

Period of Significance
c. 1790-1839

Significant Dates
N/A

Significant Person
(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
N/A

Cultural Affiliation
N/A

Architect/Builder
N/A

Narrative Statement of Significance
(See continuation sheets.)
Ctewart's Tavern
Name of Property

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9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography
(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

___ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.
___ previously listed in the National Register
___ previously determined eligible by the National Register
___ designated a National Historic Landmark
___ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #________
___ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #________

Primary location of additional data:

___ State Historic Preservation Office
___ Other State agency
___ Federal agency
___ Local government
___ University
___ Other

Name of Repository: Mineral County Historical Society

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property: 0.13 acres

UTM References

Quad Map: CRESAFTOWN

17 668000 4379200
Zone Easting Northing

Verbal Boundary Description
(See continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification
(See continuation sheet.)
Stewart’s Tavern
Name of Property

Mineral County, WV
County and State

11. Form Prepared By

Name/Title: Erin Pogany
Organization: WV SHPO
Date: August 1999
Street & Number: 1900 Kanawha Blvd East
Telephone: 304/558-0220
City or Town: Charleston
State: WV
ZIP: 25305-0330

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

Name: Frankfort District Historical Society
c/o Loretta Thomas
Street & Number: Route 2, Box 103 F
Telephone: 304/726-8487
City or Town: Keyser
State: WV
Zip: 26726
Stewart's Tavern is situated on a small lot off a main road in the wide valley of Short Gap. The structure has been moved about sixty feet from where it once stood. The original site of the tavern is now a triangular plot of land created by the construction of a fork in the road. Stewart's Tavern is still located on property associated with the original owner, just across Knobley Road where it forks from State Route 956.

The tavern was built in the latter part of the eighteenth century with hand hewn chestnut logs having steeple notching. It is a two and a half story log structure supported by a foundation of stone. The roof has side gables and corrugated metal sheeting. On the front facade a full shed porch also has a corrugated metal roof while wooden posts, deck, and rail are supported by a stone pier foundation. A grist mill stone provides a step to the porch deck. A new wood plank door is to the left side of the first floor with a 6/6 double-hung sash window to the right. All doors and windows are new, but are very elaborate and precise in detail to look like the original construction. The window muntins are pinned into the sash. The large wooden plank doors have metal hinges and handles.

The north facade has two 6/6 double-hung sash windows on each floor and two 6-pane fixed windows in its peak; all separated by a stone chimney. The south facade has a centered door on each floor. The bottom door is reached by two steps up to a small wood deck. The rear facade, or west side, has a first floor door and three 6/6 double-hung sash windows.

The two floors in Stewart's Tavern have one large room with a dogleg staircase in the southwest corner of the room. Under the first floor staircase is a small storage closet with a vertical wood plank door. The stone fireplace on the north wall has a stone foundation and a log mantle. It is suspected that early drain pipes in the tavern were also made of chestnut wood.

A later two-story addition from the late 19th century has been removed, so the building now stands as it was originally constructed.

Summary:

Stewart's Tavern is a wonderful example of late eighteenth century architecture and is one of the oldest two story log buildings standing in Mineral County. Although moved from its original location, the building is located on property associated with the original owner just 60 feet from where it once stood.
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Statement of Significance
Stewart's Tavern was built in the late eighteenth century during the first generation of post-frontier building development in Hampshire and Mineral counties. It is significant under Criterion A for Exploration and Settlement and under Criterion C for Architecture. Criteria Consideration B for Moved Properties is also being used. The period of significance begins in c. 1790, when the building was constructed, and extends to 1839, when the community was established and the mill changed hands.

During the mid-eighteenth century the frontier began to expand into the western portions of Virginia and Maryland. However, as the French and Indian War progressed, pioneers left their homes and retreated back east in search of a safer environment. Communities were abandoned and soon destroyed by nearby Native American Indian tribes. When the war ended the frontier was sparsely populated because of fear of occasional violence from the Native American Indians. New settlers in the area generally built temporary shelters, planning for more substantial structures as time availed. It was not until the last decade of the eighteenth century that there was a second, more stable, period of growth and building development. It was during the period of 1790 to 1810 that Stewart's Tavern was probably built, representing a phase in Short Gap's history in which building construction was more substantial than in previous years.

The site of Short Gap was occupied as early as the 1750s by a grain mill which was located along Turners Run. Records indicate that the road leading from Fort Ashby, across Patterson Creek and the north branch of the Potomac River was a colonial period route to the west. At Short Gap, near the mill, the road forked with the northern section (SR 28) leading to Fort Cumberland. "The Fry and Jefferson Map of 1751 shows a line of settlements, noted as mills on the map, extending northwesterly from Winchester to Cumberland. The frequency of mills indicates that enough grain farming was underway in the Hampshire and Mineral County areas to support a fair number of these processing facilities." (P. Reed, p. 1)

The 18th century mill property was known first as Creamer's Mill and had about 203 acres. Oliver Creamer may have been killed by Native American Indians in 1755. The sale of the mill land for 50 pounds in 1761 may indicate that the mill property was damaged. The property was later known as Wise's (1761) and Turner's (1770). Ownership of the land changed hands again in 1790 to Abraham Halderman, who increased the acreage to 550 acres. He sold the 550-acre mill property to the Deakin brothers in 1797. It is speculated that the tavern was built either during the Halderman or Deakin ownership. While the deed records indicate the tavern never had an owner by the name of Stewart, time has attached the name to the property. It is speculated that Stewart may have run or leased the establishment. An inn placed near a mill would have been a popular destination. In September 1839, the property was acquired by one of the Deakin heirs, John Hoye, at a land auction. The mill tract was highly valued at $500 with 250 acres of land.

The tavern continued to be a commercial establishment, possibly acting as a stagecoach stop in the early 19th century. Later it became a residence within the farm community. The property was purchased from Tom Thorpe in 1988 by the Frankfort District Historical Society,
Inc. Due to special circumstances and the road project, the tavern was moved approximately 60 feet across Knobley Road to its present location. Without the intervention of the Society members, the home would have been lost. Attention has been given to the restoration of the log structure. For example, the pinned construction for the 6/6 double-hung sash windows was replicated. The building is used today as a local museum.

When the tavern was moved, and the building stripped of interior and exterior finishes, the opportunity was available to examine the building and have it documented by Douglas Reed, in 1989. In his report, the tavern is noted as significant structure for Mineral County and portrays the technological transition between the 18th and 19th centuries. The woodwork of the tavern is associated with the 18th century, while the hardware, with the use of butt hinges, is typical of the post-1790 period.

Although not the only structure surviving from this crucial time period, Stewart’s Tavern does portray special qualities for the era in which it was built. It has two full stories and an attic space while other area log buildings built in the late 18th century have only one to one-and-a-half stories. The interior of the tavern also shows a high degree of sophistication in construction when compared to other period architecture. The woodwork, for example, has wall markings indicating where treads and risers once supported a winding staircase. The undersides of the floor boards were also whitewashed to portray a white ceiling finish for the floor below. The floor boards and floor joists are beaded which has helped date the building to post frontier construction.

Summary:

The tavern is regarded as one of the oldest properties in the Short Gap area. The log construction has been dated to the 1790s period. While the building has been moved, the distance was quite short. The tavern is still located on the original mill property tract of land owned by Oliver Creamer. The environment, setting and location remain essentially the same.
United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

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CONTINUATION SHEET

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<tr>
<th>Section number</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Bibliography


Fry and Jefferson Map for Frederick County, VA. 1751. Jeffery's Atlas, 1778.

Deed Books, Mineral County Courthouse, Keyser, WV

Northern Neck Surveys, K-1757-1762. Virginia State Library and Archives, Richmond, VA
Verbal Boundary Description

Beginning at the end of Line 1 of a parcel of land of John A. Taylor, et ux, as described in Deed Book 199, Page 497 among the Land Records of Mineral County, West Virginia; thence with part of Line 2 of Taylor-land;

(1) South 61 degrees West 71.77 feet to an iron Pin set; thence through lands of which this is a part by two new division lines,

(2) South 31 degrees 10 minutes 12 seconds East 104.02 feet to an Iron Pin set on the Westerly side of a concrete block in concrete; thence

(3) North 59 degrees 40 minutes 14 seconds East 43.24 feet to an Iron Pin set on the Right-of-way of the Short Gap Road; thence with said road Right-of-way,

(4) North 15 degrees 33 minutes, 34 seconds West 105.83 feet to the beginning, containing 0.13 acres more or less.

Boundary Justification

The property is described above in Deed Book 255, page 662 of the Land Records for Mineral County, West Virginia.
United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service  

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CONTINUATION SHEET

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</table>

Name of Property: John Stewart's Tavern and Inn  
Address: Knobley Road  
Town: Short Gap, WV  
County: Mineral  

Photographer: Katherine Jourdan  
Date: May 1999  
Negatives: WV SHPO, Charleston, WV

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Photo Reference</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
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</table>
| Photo 1 of 4:    | Front (east), and south facade  
|                 | Camera looking NW |
| Photo 2 of 4:    | Front, and north facade  
|                 | Camera looking SW |
| Photo 3 of 4:    | Rear (west) and south facade  
|                 | Camera looking N |
| Photo 4 of 4:    | Original location across the street  
|                 | Camera looking E |