United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

For NPS use only

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

Type all entries—complete applicable	e sections		
1. Name			
historic Kuykendall Polygonal	Barn		
and or common			
2. Location			
street & number River Road (Co	, ет. 8).	_	not for publication
city. town Romney	_X vicinity of		
state West Virginia co	ode 54 county	Hampshire	code 027
3. Classification			
Category district public building(s) structure site object thermatic survey being considered	StatusX occupied unoccupied work in progress AccessibleX yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner of Prope	erty		
name C. Ellis Hood			
street & number 11531 Coppermine	Road		
city, town Woodsboro	vicinity of	state	Maryland 21798
5. Location of Leg			
	mpshire County Courth		
street & number	impsime Country Courtin	DOSE	
			West Visited
6. Representation	in Evictina	State	West Virginia
or representation	I III LAISTING	Juiveys	
title Round and Polygonal Barns o Vidate September I, 1984	of West has this pro rginia	operty been determined eli	
depository for survey records Historic	: Preservation Unit. We	st Virginia department	of Culture and Histor
city, town The Cultural Center, Ca	the state of the s	*	West Virginia

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Condition excellent	deteriorated	Check oneX unaltered	Check one X original site moved date	n/A			
_X good fair	ruins unexposed						

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Kuykendall barn is a 15-sided two-story structure built around a central round wooden silo. The main framing members are wooden poles covered with vertical wood siding. The barn has a sectional conical roof, with a self-supporting radial sectional framing system covered with metal roofing and extending into a large dormer over the front entrance. The silo also has a conical roof covered with the same metal material. The type of foundation is not known, although the packed dirt ground floor suggests some kind of single pier or block under the main support posts at each angle of the polygon.

At some point, a rectangular wing roughly 80 feet long was added to the west side, probably fairly soon after the barn's construction, although the actual date is not known. The barn was built as a dairy barn, and the addition was apparently needed to accommodate a larger number of cows.

In addition to the uncommon 15-sided shape, the Kuykendall barn exhibits several other innovative features, primarily of a technological nature. The interior is arranged in a circular fashion around the center silo, which is constructed barrel-style, with vertical wooden staves bound by round metal hoops. The silo is circled by a wooden track with a wooden "silage car," which resembles an old wooden coal mine car. The track in turn is surrounded by a continous feed trough, divided at regular intervals by slats to provide some separation of animals, although there are no complete stalls. This feed trough extends down the center of the addition, with a walkway on both sides so that cows could be fed from either side.

The second level – which is a full floor, rather than a platform – was intended for hay storage, and is equipped with a metal track and conveyor system set into the interior of the roof. The track runs in a full circle around the perimeter and extends out the dormer at the front of the barn. There is evidence that the track originally was equipped with a crane or fork designed to lift bales of hay into the barn from the outside and move them wherever the farmer wished on the second level. There are also openings at intervals in the flooring of the second level so that bales could be dropped through to the ground level. It is interesting to speculate on whether Kuykendall and Clowser got their idea for the second-level track and crane arrangement from the Louden Machinery Company of Fairfield, lows, or perhaps even ordered the equipment from Louden. As early as 1905 William Louden was publicizing his patented track and hay fork as "the most perfect plan yet devised for handling hay in round barns," and later began supplying the actual plans for round barns in order to broaden the market for his farm equipment.

8. Significance

Specific dates	c. 1906	Builder Architect John Clo	wser, Builder	
		invention		other (specify)
_X_1900-	communications	. •	politics government	•
1800-1899	commerce	exploration settlement	philosophy	theater
1700-1799	art	engineering	music	humanitarian
1600-1699	× architecture	education	military	social/
1500-1599	X_ agriculture	economics	literature	sculpture
1400-1499	archeology-historic	conservation	law	science
prehistoric	archeology-prehistoric	community planning	landscape architectur	e religion
Period	Areas of Significance—C	heck and justify below	医乳肿 医牙齿畸形 化二烷	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Kuykendall Polygonal Barn is the only 15-sided barn built in West Virginia, and one of only a few such known to have been constructed in the country as a whole.

This barn also exhibits a number of sophisticated technological innovations not encountered in any of the state's other round and polygonal barns. Most of these features are still intact.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

The Kuykendall Polygonal Barn, located on River Road about 10 miles south of Romney in Hampshire County, was built around 1906 by the Kuykendall family. The chief carpenter on the barn was John Clowser, whose descendants still live in the Romney area.

Now owned by C. Ellis Hood of Woodsboro, Maryland, the Kuykendall farm is one of the oldest in Hampshire, part of 405-acre land grant made by Lord Fairfax to Henry Van Meter in 1749. The property passed to Abraham Van Meter in 1804; to William Millar in 1833; to Thomas French and George Stump in 1845; to James Stump in 1870 and then to Robert White, trustee; to James Sloan in 1879; and from James Sloan to his daughter Hannah, wife of William Kuykendall, in 1882. It remained in the Kuykendall family until 1966, when Ellis Hood bought the farm from the estate of Edith Kuykendall.

As mentioned in the section on the physical appearance, the barn was equipped with various advanced devices designed to save the farmer precious time and labor. These features, which are intact except for the hay crane, point to a creative builder conversant with the latest developments in agricultural technology and willing to experiment. Such innovations, not present in other round and polygonal barns in the state, make the Kuykendall barn unique in West Virginia, and additionally valuable for the glimpse it provides of turn-of-the-century farming techniques.

The Kuykendall barn is also an excellent example of the transitional period in round/polygonal barn construction. The octagon shape, popular in the late 19th century, gave way to a true circular shape after the turn of the century, as advancing technical knowledge provided the basis for the necessary construction techniques. It was during this period in the early 1900's that the major portion of multi-sided barns were built, as farmers experimented with their own variations. The central wooden cylindrical silo and the circular interior arrangement are also representative of the transitional stage.

9.	Major	Bibliog	graphica	l Refer	ences		
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10	. Geo	graphic	al Data				
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state		·	code	county			code
11	. Forn	n Prepa	red By				
name	title Ralph	ı Pedersen. A	.I.A. Architect	/ Margo Staf	ford		
organ	ization Pres	ervation Allia	ince of West Vi	rginia, Inc.	date Sep	tember 1,	1984
street	& number	P. O. Box 113	35		telephone	624-9298	
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		rksburg	via Drae			t Virginia	
12	. Stat	e nisto	ric Pres	ervatio	n Ome	er ce	rtification
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title	State Hi	storic Pres	ervation Offi	cer		date Ma	y 2, 1985
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	I hereby certif	y that this prope	erty is included in	the National Re	gister		
	•					date	

date

Keeper of the National Register

Chief of Registration

Attest:

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Continuation sheet Kuykendall Polygonal Barn

Item number 10

Page

Verbal Boundary Description

beginning. Inclusive of the barn and immediate field.



