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city, town

Washington

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

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See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections Name historic Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge and/or common "Monument Place Bridge" Location street & number U.S. Route 40 over Little Wheeling Creek not for publication Wheeling First city, town vicinity of congressional district West Virginia 069 54 Ohio state county code Classification Category Ownership Status **Present Use** ___ district \underline{X} public X occupied __ agriculture __ museum $\frac{1}{X}$ building(s) __ private ___ unoccupied _ commercial _ park _ work in progress __ both _ educational _ private residence site **Public Acquisition** Accessible _ entertainment _ religious __ object _ in process _ yes: restricted _ scientific _ government X yes: unrestricted X transportation _ being considered _ industrial _ military other: Owner of Property name State of West Virginia, Dept. of Highways street & number 1900 Washington St., East city, town Charleston West Virginia 25301 state Location of Legal Description courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Ohio County Courthouse street & number 16th and Chapline Streets Wheeling West Virginia 26001 city, town state Representation in Existing Surveys Historic American Building Survey (HABS) title Historic American Engineering Record has this property been determined elegible? (HAER) date HABS-1933, HAER-1973 X__ federal state Library of Congress depository for survey records

7. Description							
Conditionexcellent _X goodfair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X original site moved date				

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge spans Little Wheeling Creek, carrying present-day U.S. Route 40 in anorthwest-southwest direction, in the community of Elm Grove, adjacent to Wheeling, Ohio County, West Virginia.

The Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge or, as it is more commonly known, the "Monument Place Bridge", was constructed in 1817 by prominent Ohio Countian Moses Shepherd acting under contract from the United States government to build the Ohio County bridges that would carry the National Road. That the National Road crossed Little Wheeling Creek at this place is a part of its historic significance (see Section 8).

The bridge is a three (3) span stone arch bridge. The arches are formed in an ellipse, rather than being semicircular as was then common, in order to keep the bridge from becoming excessively high in the middle (or being "humpbacked").

The Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge is built of uncoarsed limestone and each of the three segmental arches are delineated with smooth-surfaced, but irregular width stones. The voussiors form low round-ended piers that have coned-shaped buttresses carried into the solid masonry spandrels. This bridge is 208 feet in length, while the center arch has a 38 feet span length and the two outer arches span 25 feet in length. The Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge well preserves early American engineering and masonry craftsmanship.

The Elm Grove Bridge is now a part of busy U.S. Route 40. The original 1817 parapets were removed in 1931 and replaced by sidewalks and concrete balustraded gaurdrails, bringing the total width of the bridge to 48 feet. The bridge was sprayed with gunite in 1953, in all probability due to questions as to its structural stability.

With the exception of these aforementioned alterations, and the asphalt paving, the historic Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge stands as it did when completed in 1817 to carry the National Road.

8. Significance

	X commerce communications	invention	philosophypolitics.government ses Shepherd, builde	theater X transportation other (specify)
prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1599 1700–1799	architecture	conservation conservation conservation conservation X engineering	literature military music	science sculpture social/ humanitarian
Period	Areas of Significance—C			o rollaion

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge, locally referred to as the "Monument Place Bridge" is significant as being the oldest extant bridge in the state of West Virginia. The bridge is also significant as being one of only two remaining engineering structures remaining in West Virginia that are associated with the historic National Road and for its close association with individuals of important historical significance.

Explanatory Notes

- 1. For a number of years it was thought by state and local historical organizations that the Van Metre Stone Arch Bridge in Berkeley County (entered on the National Register of Historic Places August 22, 1977) was West Virginia's oldest extant bridge, having been constructed in 1832. Information to that effect appeared in numerous newspaper accounts over the years. There is no doubt, however, that the Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge is the state's oldest extant bridge, having been constructed in 1817 in conjunction with the National Road project. The apparent reason that the Elm Grove Bridge was overlooked for many years is that it was guaited in 1958 and, thus, camouflaged, so to speak, as a concrete bridge.
- 2. The Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge, constructed in 1817 by Moses Shepherd for the National Road, is one of only two engineering structures in West Virginia associated with the famed National Road. The other extant engineering structure thus associated is the Wheeling Suspension Bridge, a National Historic Landmark. Another bridge, the so-called "S Bridge" at Tridelphia, that was constructed in 1817 for the National Road, was demolished in 1934.
- 3. Moses Shepherd, the builder of the Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge, was an individual of historical significance and, apparently, a man possessed of considerable influence in his day. The very existence of the Elm Grove Bridge is due entirely to Shepherd and his wife, Lydia Boggs Shepherd.

Moses Shepherd was a descendent of a number of prominent early settlers in West Virginia; including his grandfather Thomas Shepherd who founded Shepherdstown, West Virginia's first incorporated town, and his father Col. David Shepherd, commandant of Ft. Henry. Moses and Lydia Shepherd built Shepherd Hall near Wheeling in 1798 (entered on the National Register of Historic Places, December 18, 1970) and developed a large plantation which boasted a grist mill, sawmill, distillary and general store. Moses Shepherd also served as mayor of Wheeling.

It was Shepherd's growing influence, and especially his friendship with then U.S. House Speaker Henry Clay, that is said to have brought about the construction of the Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge. Shepherd, probably through Clay's influence, received the contract to construct all bridges on the National Road between the Ohio River and the Pennsylvania state line. Due, it is said, to the insistence of Lydia Shepherd

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Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge, Wheeling, Ohio County, West Virginia

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that the National Road pass by their home, the original design plan of the National Road, which ran along the north side of Little Wheeling Creek, was altered so that the road deviated to cross Little Wheeling Creek and then recross the stream in front of Shepherd Hall before resuming northwest to the Ohio River at Wheeling. To accomplish this, two bridges had to be constructed; one at Tridelphia (mentioned above) and the Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge. Moses Shepherd built both these bridges in 1817 and the National Road reached Wheeling the following year. In 1820, in order to show his appreciation and to recognize his efforts in championing the National Road, Moses Shepherd commissioned an elaborate monument to Henry Clay to be erected on the grounds of Shepherd Hall. This monument was unveiled in Clay's presence that year and stood in place until recent years, giving Shepherd Hall its common name of "Monument Place"; hence, the "Monument Place Bridge" as the Elm Grove bridge is sometimes known.

During its "lifetime" the Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge has "seen" many prominent individuals cross over it. It is known that such individuals as Clay, Daniel Webster, drew Jackson, James K. Polk, W. H. Harrison, Zackary Taylor, the Marquiss de Lafayette and others were visitors at Shepherd Hall and must have admired the graceful triple arch stone structure.

The Elm Grove Stone Arch Bridge is significant, therefore, as West Virginia's oldest existing bridge and for its close association with the great National Road and the many significant individuals in our state and national history who had a hand in its creation.

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Wingerter, Charles A., <u>History of Greater Wheeling and Vicinity</u>, 2 vols., Chicago, c.1912.

9. Major Bibliog	raphical	Referen	¢es .	
Correspondence from Thomas May 23, 1980, August 13	, 1980		-	•
Ellifritt, Duane, "Early En Richwood, WV, April 15,		the Hills", W	est Virginia Hillb	illy,
10. Geographica	il Data			
Acreage of nominated property <u>less</u> Quadrangle name <u>Wheeling</u> , <u>WV</u> UMT References	s than ½ acre		Quadrangle scale	1:24,000
A 117 5291110 4143 Zone Easting Northin	12 4 14 10 g	B Zone	Easting North	ing
C		D F H		
Verbal boundary description and over Little Wheeling Creek Cend to end of the bridge with area of 0.29 acre.	.05 mile west h a width of	of Junction 160', being the	V.Va. 88. This site W.Va. Dept. of Hi	e being 208' from
List all states and counties for pr	operties overlar	oping state or co	unty boundaries	
state	code	county		ode
state	code	county		code
11. Form Prepar	ed By			
name/title <u>Michael</u> J. Paul Historic Preserv		, and W. Neil	Richardson, Engine	ering Conservator
organization WV Dept. of Cul Science and Cul street & number Capitol Complex	tural Center			
			ephone 348-0240 West Virgini	a
city or town Charleston		sta		
12. State Histori		· /	inger veri	Meanon
The evaluated significance of this prop	-			
national As the designated State Historic Prese 635), I hereby nominate this property for according to the criteria and procedure State Historic Preservation Officer sign	rvation Officer for or inclusion in the es set forth by the	National Register a	nd certify that it has been	evaluated
title SHPO			-	10 100:
		/	date July	10, 1981
For HCRS use only			/	
I hereby certify that this property	is included in the	National Register		-
I hereby certify that this property	is included in the	National Register	date	
-	is included in the	National Register	date	
I hereby certify that this property	is included in the	National Register	date date	



