DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS CITY, TOWN

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

-	FOR NPS USE ONLY			.:
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INVENTOR	RY NOMINATIO	V FORM DATE EN	ITERED	
SE		V TO COMPLETE NATIONAL COMPLETE APPLICABLE		S
NAME				
HISTORIC Cot	trill Opera House	; Sutton's Opera Ho	use; Sutton T	heatre
AND/OR COMMON	trill Opera House	; Sutton Theatre		
LOCATIO	N			
STREET & NUMBER	R East Avenue		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	(1)		CONGRESSIONAL DISTA	IICT
STATE	Thomas	VICINITY OF CODE	Second	CODE
	West Virginia	54	Tucker	093
CLASSIFI	CATION			
CATEGORY	Y OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENTUSE	
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	Xoccupied (part)	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)STRUCTURE	∠PRIVATE _BOTH	≚unoccupied (part) _work in progress	COMMERCIALEDUCATIONAL	PARKPRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITIO		ENTERTAINMENT	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATION ZOTHER VACANT
MOWNER	OF PROPERTY	· ohe	ater section	
La Applica and		nen	US.	
NAME	Alpine Festival,	Inc.		
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN	Box 565	of the management of the transfer of the contract of the contr	STATE	
<u> </u>	Davis .	VICINITY OF	West Virgi	nia 26260
LOCATIO	ON OF LEGAL DESC	CRIPTION		
COURTHOUSE,	D¢: ET¢			
REGISTRY OF DEE STREET & NUMBER	rucker County	Courthouse		
STREET & NOWIDE	First and Wal	nut Streets		
CITY, TOWN			STATE	And the second s
	Parsons	1 FM F & Y / 7	West Virgin	nia
REPRESE	INTATION IN EXIS	TING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
DATE			and the state of t	And the second s
		FEDERALSTA	TECOUNTYLOCAL	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

X FAIR

__DETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

__UNALTERED

X_ORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Cottrill Opera House is a detached theater building that is rectangular in shape and constructed of brick laid in a common bond. A high front gives the impression of a four-story, five-bay configuration, but since the interior is dominated by a large auditorium with balcony seating, horizontal and vertical division of the outside is not reflected there.

The front (northwest) elevation is the only face that has features of note, although both sides have several openings with either flat or arched lintels. Large storefront windows at the north corner of the first floor surround an indented entrance which leads to present-day apartments (these were once commercial spaces). Slightly south of center is the present theater entrance, but doors here at one time opened to business quarters while double doors on the south corner led one up a set of stairs to ticket booth and auditorium.

Among interesting details are circular brick panels on what might be considered the third floor of slightly projecting bays at either side of the front. Three-course brick "quoins" are at each corner of this elevation, and a corbeled cornice is under a stuccoed upper section of the front. Above entrances and behind false brick coverings along East Avenue are three two-story high, arched windows (the glass is still in place) that form the center bays and formerly provided light for lobby areas.

As originally constituted, the building had a front roofline composed of a high central panel and projections above corners of end bays. In this top panel was the name "Cottrills", while a panel below the main cornice announced "Opera House". Two small, geometrically-divided windows, presently functional, were to the sides of this second panel, but the entire front above the "third" floor (as well as the southwest side) has been plastered over in more recent years, probably through attempts to repair damage caused by a 1940's tornado, a natural disaster that also weakened the cast corner of the rear to the point where it eventually had to be rebuilt.

The interior consists of former stores (two saloons early in this century and such businesses as a barber shop later) on the first floor beneath the rear of a sloping auditorium floor and lobby above. Presently two apartments occupy space on this level of the building's north side, but the remainder of the complex is reserved for theater use. Stairs at each end bay lead to main floor, belony and projection booth level, opening from the third run onto a high-ceilinged lobby (in recent years a suspended ceiling has been installed home) which is behind those large center windows that have been closed in. Among features that give character to this area are pressed-tin ceillngs, in a variety of designs, at the lobby and above and under stairs. Additionally, projecting tin cornices with recessed lights

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atop them are at both lobby entrances onto the main floor auditorium.

There are wood floors throughout with carpet runners in aisles. Art Deco seats (capacity for approximately 600 exists on main floor and balcony) that have geometrically-patterned, multi-colored backs and bottoms follow the gentle slope of the main level, while what appear to be older, wooden-backed seats with an "S" monogram on end plates are in the tiered, five-sided balcony (this upper section is supported by round posts from below and metal rods that extend to rafters high above). Lighting at stairs and on the velveteen-covered walls is also of an Art Deco design, but caps from earlier gas and/or electric fixtures are visible on a pressed-tin ceiling beneath the balcony. Pressed tin also forms borders for a proscenium that includes painted geometrical patterns surrounding the stage area.

There is capacity for at least six scenery drops in the flies and room behind the stage for storage. At one time a wooden shed extended from the rear wall and served as dressing rooms, but this has been removed and several former doors have been bricked in.

Service as a theater for more than seventy years meant evolution of both interior and exterior features rather than drastic changes. Alterations such as construction of a projection booth, removal of dressing rooms, and addition of a marquee at the front were part of general shifts from live shows to silent movies and then into the era of motion pictures with sound. Throughout the period, however, basic lines have remained unchanged, and except for stuccoing of a section of the front elevation and rebuilding of a rear corner necessitated by uncontrollable occurances, little of overall integrity has been damaged beyond reversal.

PERIOD	AR	EAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	X THEATER
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	XOTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		Local History

SPECIFIC DATES C. 1902

BUILDER/ARCHITECT E.C.S. Holmboe and R.C. Lafferty

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Cottrill Opera House at Thomas, Tucker County, West Virginia, is today a landmark to boom prosperity this community enjoyed early in the twentieth century. Furthermore, it is representative of a significant development in the cultural history of the United States: presentation of a variety of live shows and plays (both local and touring) in a convenient small-town building that solicited patronage from the masses. As with so many turn-of-the-century opera houses, it evolved through the silent movie era into "talkies" prosperity, eventually succumbing to declining population, increased mobility and technological developments which again revolutionized the entertainment field.

Tucker County was sparsely settled until a boom era in coal and timber came late in the nineteenth century, bringing speculators, developers, businessmen, railroads, industry and relative prosperity. Thomas, at an elevation of about 3000 feet and with a reputation for hard winters, was in the heart of this coal and timber region. It had been settled first around 1880, but it was the coming of the Davis brothers' (Thomas B. and Henry G.) West Virginia Central & Pittsburgh Railway from Cumberland, Maryland, in 1884 that provided impetus to growth. Soon coal extraction, centered on the Davis Coal and Coke Company, lured hundreds and then thousands of people. The town was incorporated in 1892 with a population of 693, and by 1910 it peaked at 2,354 within city limits and a total approaching 7000 in the district. Railroad shops, coal mines and coke ovens offered employment to all who came; a sizable business community quickly evolved to serve residents of Thomas and the nearby company town of Coketon.

Hiram Cottrill had arrived around 1887 and worked for the Davis coal interests, rising to mine superintendent. His prosperity, however, rested on a saloon business, begun near the turn-of-the-century, and landholdings throughout town. Riding the bubble of boom, merchants and developers had rapidly built wooden structures close together without much consideration to potential disaster posed by such things as open-flave lighting and rowdy crowds. A devastating fire had struck in 1893, but the town had rebuilt. Then, in November 1901, Thomas again became an inferno as flames, swept by heavy winds, destroyed nearly 100 buildings. Cottrill suffered significant losses, yet he was committed to the community and shortly thereafter hired the Clarksburg architectural firm of Holmboe and Laftarby (designers of the Thomas Miners and Merchants Bank, on whose board Hiram Cottrill

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sat) to set about erecting one of the few professionally conceived and masonry constructed edifices in town.

His new opera house featured a variety of live entertainment for inhabitants of this community that was largely populated by Eastern European immigrants (Davis Coal and Coke Company even had hired a full-time interpreter in 1903, a Pole who could speak eight languages; an Italian newspaper was published here for a number of years). It was a time of traveling shows in the interior; Parsons and Elkins had recently opened their opera houses, and a circuit was formed. Everything from vaudeville and minstrel shows, concerts and stage plays preceded the silent movie era, but when film became available it quickly pushed live entertainment into the background.

With this change in medium also came a change in ownership, and in 1915 the Sutton family began an association with films that would last until the theater closed some sixty years later. Not only would they witness the revolution of "talkies," but they would struggle through a significant outmigration as coal and timber declined (2,099 in 1920, 1,660 in 1930 and 713 in 1970) and the Great Depression compounded difficulties.

Throughout its history, though, the opera house/theater has been at the heart of Thomas' business district. It represents the best of its commercial architecture, constructed at the height of boom. It served as cultural heart of the community and, along with stores of the Schilanskys, DePolos, Rubensteins, Tolmies and Benedettos, and hotels of McLaughlins and Murrays, became a symbol of local history and development.

Today Thomas has a population of less than 1,000, but state parks at nearby Blackwater Falls and Canaan Valley and natural phenomena peculiar to the area lure thousands each year. One might wonder if the town in general, and the old opera house in particular, might better serve the local populace and visitors again by reuse of this theater building as, say, a multi-purpose community center providing facilities for social and cultural activities.

MAJOR BIBLIOGR	RAPHICAL REFER	RENCES		
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ORGANIZATION Historic			DATE	West of the state
	nt of Culture and	History	April 11,	1979
STREET & NUMBER The Cult	ural Center, Capi	tol Comple	TELEPHONE ex (304) 348-	0240
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As the designated State Historic I hereby nominate this property fo criteria and procedures set forth be STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION O	or inclusion in the National Re by the National Park Service.		that it has been evaluated a	
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HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS	S PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN	N THE NATIONAL	REGISTER	
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